

The People's Paper

Established 1885

## THE INDEPENDENT

Telephone 36

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON &amp; SON S., Owners and Publishers.

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON, General Manager.

J. ORLON LIVINGSTON, Editor.

LIEUT. J. A. M. LIVINGSTON, Business Manager.

Issued every Wednesday from the Office of Publishers, Main and Oak Streets, Grimsby.

TERMS—Subscribers in Canada \$1.50 per year in advance. \$2.00 per year if not paid in advance. In United States \$2.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates on application.

## Facts and Fancies

By Frank Fairborn

The wonderful sweep of the Union Government idea, should show men and women that it is not necessary to stick closely to party line for ever and ever.

Many men and women who forgot their party to vote for Union Government, feel much better now than if they had stuck to party hard and fast.

Country is bigger than party, and principle is bigger and broader than partisanship.

In the election just over, it was not the members of any one particular party who were called upon to desert their own party lines and join up with the ranks of the opposite party. Conservatives and Liberals alike had to sacrifice their party feeling and support the Union idea and the Union principle in order that Canada might hold fast to the high standard she had already taken in the war.

In one county Conservatives were called upon to support a Liberal Union Government candidate while in another county Liberals were called upon to support a Conservative Union Government candidate.

This action all over Canada will have the effect of breaking up the strength of hide-bound partyism, and the result will be that in the future men will feel a greater independence and will also feel that it is quite possible to break away from party affiliations when the issue is big enough to call for the supreme effort.

Many strong party men voted against their political inclinations because they felt that it was for Canada's benefit to do so, but there were also many men who deserted their party from an entirely different motive. These latter left their party and voted with the other side because they were sore on the government policy of conscription and were afraid that their relatives would be forced to go to the front to fight against their will.

Although the motive of this latter class of men was not a praiseworthy one yet it taught them something that may in the future prove beneficial to their country, inasmuch as it showed them that they could, when the inducement was great enough, drop their politics and vote contrary to their former political inclinations.

This breaking up of party bonds will be of vast benefit to Canadians in the near future, as questions will come up at no distant date that will require consideration and settlement—not on party lines—but on lines of the greatest good to the greatest number—or in other words, along lines for the benefit of the whole Dominion and not for one particular section. Our motto in the future should be equality for all and special privileges for none.

It is brought about in Canada by the conscription law has shown

and enjoyed the freedom of this country, can still hold their sympathy for Germany and plot and plan to injure Canada and great Britain, then it becomes a question whether it is wise to naturalize any German in the future or even admit them to our shores.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

[S. S. No. 1, North Grimsby

## RECEIPTS

Jan. 1	By balance from 1916.....	\$ 288 26
12	Rent, Municipal election and tuition fee.....	6 00
Feb. 9	Grant, County Council for Library.....	15 54
Oct. 31	Legislative Grant.....	109 37
Dec. 13	Legislative and County grant.....	37 31
18	Municipal grant.....	2021 00
	Interest from Bank.....	22 75
	Interest from Bank.....	13 94

\$5114 17

## EXPENDITURE

	Miss J. L. Wright, salary.....	700 50
	Miss L. Monsinger, salary.....	559 13
	A. O. Bowslaugh, caretaker.....	277 50
	E. G. McCallum, Secretary-Treasurer.....	5 00
Jan. 3	H. K. Griffith, auditor.....	2 00
	S. Cook, auditor.....	2 00
	J. A. Livingston, reports.....	4 90
5	T. Allen, balance on loan.....	584 23
9	Rolph & Clark, maps.....	2 10
15	Copp Clark Co., maps.....	8 03
Feb. 1	J. H. Gibson, coal.....	46 12
	R. C. S. Co., chemicals.....	14 00
	James A. Wray.....	10 64
23	G. M. Hendry, maps.....	4 50
May 1	J. W. Eaton & Son, coal.....	10 15
	Theal Bros., supplies.....	8 53
	J. H. Gibson.....	27 22
	J. F. Bird.....	12 13
	Treasurer, cash for sundries.....	5 66
June 1	W. M. Stewart, chemicals.....	1 75
	Theal Bros., supplies.....	4 14
July 7	W. McGee, cleaning vaults.....	16 00
	J. W. Eaton & Son, coal.....	97 89
14	H. Hillier, supplies.....	1 85
Sept. 10	J. W. Duval, weather strips.....	66 00
	J. H. Gibson, coal.....	12 42
Oct. 1	Hoshal & Burgoyne, supplies.....	3 00
Nov. 1	Grimsby Independent, reports.....	6 55
17	Vernon Tuck, medal.....	4 50
Dec. 13	G. C. Udell, spraying and mowing.....	4 00
	Balance.....	2557 13

\$5114 17

Unique

Labatt's  
SPECIAL ALE

is a magic oil that smooths the path of existence. It's rich, pure, sparkling and wholesome—with the old-time Labatt flavor that makes you realize you have the right beverage.

Better as a tonic or  
wrinkle-chaser than  
the pills of any M.D.

Drink all you want. Labatt's Special Ale is as pure as the mountain brook.

## YOUR GROCER SELLS IT

Also on sale at Cafes, Hotels, and in case lots direct from the Brewery.

## JOHN LABATT, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1832

82

LONDON, ONT., and No. 4 St. Helen Street, MONTREAL

## High-Class Nursery Stock

—GROWN BY—

## E. D. SMITH &amp; SON

WINONA.

ONT.

All lines suitable for Niagara District.

Our salesman has had a long experience in selling, planting, and buying and can give best advice on varieties. See him before you order.

## W. C. DAWE, Salesman

PHONE 33

WINONA, ONT.

## SPECIAL DECEMBER SERVICE

BETWEEN

Toronto and Winnipeg  
DAILY

Winbound, Dec. 3rd to Jan. 2nd. Eastbound, Dec. 1st to Jan. 5th



## By-Law No. 433

By-law number 433, being a by-law of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby authorizing the issue of debentures for the sum of \$3500.00 for the purchase of the property of The Grimsby Recreation Company, Limited, for a recreation park.

WHEREAS the Municipal Act authorizes Municipal Councils to acquire land for the establishing and laying out public parks and for accepting and taking charge of land dedicated as a public park for the use of the inhabitants of the Municipality.

AND WHEREAS the Grimsby Recreation Company, Limited, have, by resolution passed at a meeting regularly called for such purposes, offered to convey all the right, title and interest of the said Company in the properties now owned by the said Company to the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby for a recreation park.

AND WHEREAS the said lands are now mortgaged to one John Hewitt on which said mortgages there is now due the sum of seven-thousand dollars (\$7000.00) and accrued interest thereon.

AND WHEREAS the said John Hewitt has offered to discharge his mortgages against the said lands for the sum of three-thousand, five hundred dollars (\$3500.00) upon condition that the said Grimsby Recreation Company, Limited, carry out the offer made to the said Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby.

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby deem it advisable to accept the said offer and to purchase the said lands for a recreation park as aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby deem it advisable to borrow the sum of three-thousand, five hundred dollars (\$3500.00) on the credit of the said Municipal Corporation by the issue of debentures to pay for the purchase of the said properties.

AND WHEREAS the whole amount of the whole rateable property of the said Municipality, according to the last revised assessment is the sum of \$980,437.00.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debenture debt of the said Municipality exclusive of local improvement debts secured by special rate assessments is \$135,881.37, and no part of the principal or interest of said debenture debt is in arrears.

AND WHEREAS it is desirable to make the principal of the said repayable in yearly sums during the period of twenty years of such amount respectively that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest in any year shall be equal as nearly as may be to the amounts so payable for principal and interest in each of the other years.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of \$305.15 to be raised annually for a period of twenty years to pay the said annual instalments of principal and interest as the same become due.

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby enacts as follows:—

1. That it shall be lawful for the Reeve of the Village of Grimsby cause to be raised by way of loan from any person or persons, body bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum of money not exceeding on whole, three-thousand, five-hundred dollars (\$3500.00) and cause the same be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Village of Grimsby for the purposes aforesaid and debentures shall be issued therefor in sums not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) each bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and having interest coupons attached for payment of the interest due thereon.

2. That the said debentures shall all bear the same date and shall be issued within two years from the date of passing this by-law and may at any date within such two years and shall be payable in twenty annual instalments during the twenty years next after the time when the same are issued and the respective amounts of principal and interest payable each of such years shall be as follows:—

3. That the said debentures shall be made payable at The Bank Hamilton, Grimsby.

4. That the said debentures shall be signed by the Reeve and Treasurer of the said Municipal Corporation and sealed with the Corporate Seal. The interest coupon shall be signed by the Treasurer of the said Municipal Corporation whose signature may be printed, stamped, lithographed or engraved.

5. That, during the term of twenty years the currency of the said debentures and for the purpose of paying said debentures and interest sum of \$305.15, shall be raised annually by a special rate for the said purpose in addition to all other rates and that such rates shall be assessed and collected in each year on all the rateable property of the Municipality of the said Village of Grimsby, if necessary.

READ a first and second time in open Council on Monday the third of December, 1917.

CHAS. T. FARRELL, Reeve.

C. H. BROMLEY.

## NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of a by-law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby and which will be, if the assent of the duly qualified electors is obtained to the same, finally passed after expiration of one month from the date of the first publication thereof said date is Wednesday, December 26th, 1917.

AND TAKE NOTICE FURTHER that any tenant who desires to for or against the said by-law must deliver to the undersigned not later than the tenth day before the day hereinafter appointed for taking the vote declaration under The Canada Evidence Act, as provided by Section 26, section 3 of the Municipal Act.

AND TAKE NOTICE FURTHER that the votes of the duly qualified electors of the said Municipal Corporation shall be taken on this by-law the same day and time as are provided for the annual Municipal election from nine o'clock in the forenoon to five o'clock in the afternoon.

And that the Reeve will attend on the 28th day of December, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon at the Council Chambers in the said Village of Grimsby for the appointment of persons to attend at the polling places and final summing up of the votes by the Clerk at the Council Chambers 7th day of January, 1918, for the appointment of persons on behalf of interested in promoting or opposing the passing of this by-law.

Dated at Grimsby this 3rd day of December, 1917.

C. H. BROMLEY.

## By-Law No. 434

BY-LAW number 434, being a by-law to provide for the taking of the votes of the electors of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby on the 28th day of December, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon.

WHEREAS by-law number 433 has been taken into consideration by the Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby and read a first and second time on the 3rd day of December, 1917.

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby deem it advisable to obtain the opinion of the electors of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby on the by-law.

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Grimsby enacts as follows:—

1. The votes of the qualified electors of the said Municipal Corporation shall be taken on the said by-law pursuant to the provisions of the Statute in that behalf on the same day and in the same place as are provided for the Municipal election in the said Village of Grimsby nine o'clock in the forenoon to five o'clock in the afternoon as per Statute.

2. That the 28th day of December, 1917, at twelve o'clock noon be the hour of the Council Chambers in the Village of Grimsby the place where the Reeve shall attend to appoint persons to attend at the various polling places and at the final summing up of the votes by the Clerk of the said Village of Grimsby on behalf of the persons interested in promoting or opposing the passing of this by-law.

3. That the 8th day of January, 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be the day and hour and the said Council Chambers in the Village of Grimsby the place where the Clerk shall sum up the number of for and against this by-law.

Passed in open Council this 3rd day of December, 1917.

CHAS. T. FARRELL, Reeve.

C. H. BROMLEY.

BY-LAW 244  
North Grimsby

BY-LAW number 244, being a by-law to authorize the closing of a portion of the road allowance between the Broken Front and the First Concession in the Township of North Grimsby, and the conveyance of the same to the different parties entitled thereto.

WHEREAS by conveyance bearing date the 20th day of November, 1917, George Lorne Book, John Hunter and David Hunter did grant and convey to the Municipal Corporation of the Township of North Grimsby a strip of land sixty-six feet in width extending from the present travelled Par Road to the Easterly limit of the said Township of North Grimsby for the purpose of opening a public highway across the said lands.

AND WHEREAS the said Municipal Council have accepted the said lands so conveyed in lieu of that portion of the base line between the Broken Front and the West Concession.

MARRIED  
JACKSON-FERGUSON.—At the home of the bride in Cobourg, Ont. on Saturday, Dec. 22nd, 1917 by the Reverend Mr. Jull of Peterboro, Walter D. Jackson of Carp, Ont. to Lillian M., second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Ferguson.

## SOLILOQUIES BY AR. TUFFORD, HAMILTON

His Worship Goodenough Booker is goodenough for Mayor for 1918. He is the right man in the right place and goodenough for anybody. What more does Hamilton want?

Messrs. Merburn and Stewart slipped in like hot grease on an iceberg. How was it? Explain—they must be pro-German—aint it?

The flying camp at Beauville has got 'em all on the fly. Even Fairbrother and Pete Robinson. Riggins may soon go too, to camp.

## TEXT OF PROHIBITION

Ottawa, Dec. 23.—Official announcement was made by the Prime Minister on Saturday of the prohibition of the importation of intoxicating liquors into Canada after Monday next. The only exception is in the case of purchases made before that date. The transportation of intoxicating liquor into any part of Canada where the sale of such liquor is illegal is prohibited after April 1 next and it is also announced that the manufacture of such liquor "within Canada" will be prohibited on and after a date to be determined upon. The announcement reads:—

"On December 17 the people gave to the government an unmistakable mandate for the vigorous prosecution of the war and for the employment of

resources necessary to achieve victory. It is essential, and indeed vital for the efficient conduct of the war, that wasteful or unnecessary expenditure should be prohibited, and that all articles capable of being utilized as food should be conserved. It is beyond question that the use of liquor affects adversely the realization of this purpose.

"The subject has been under consideration by the War Committee of the Cabinet, and the following conclusions have been reached:—

(1) Any liquor or beverage containing more than 2 1/2 per cent. alcohol shall be regarded as intoxicating liquor.

(2) The importation of intoxicating liquor into Canada is prohibited on and after December 24, 1917, unless it shall have been actually purchased on or before that date for importation into Canada, and unless, having been so purchased, it is imported into Canada not later than the 31st day of January, 1918. The final determination upon any question respecting such purchase shall rest with the Minister of Customs. This regulation shall not apply to importations for medicinal, sacramental, manufacturing or chemical purposes.

(3) The transportation of liquor into any part of Canada wherein the sale of intoxicating liquor is illegal will be prohibited on and after April 1, 1918.

(4) The manufacture of intoxicating liquor within Canada will be prohibited on and after a date to be determined upon further investigation and consideration of the actual conditions of the industry.

"As above mentioned, the prohibition of importation becomes effective on Monday next, December 24.

"The regulations to carry into effect the other provisions above mentioned are being prepared, and as soon as approved, they will be enacted under the provisions of the War Measures Act.

"The foregoing provisions will remain in force during the war and for twelve months after the conclusion of peace."

Auction Sale  
Dates

Jan. 4th.—Leslie M. Wilcox, living 2 1/2 miles south west of Beamsville, will offer all his farm stock and implements and household furniture. Sale at one o'clock sharp. Terms nine months' credit. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

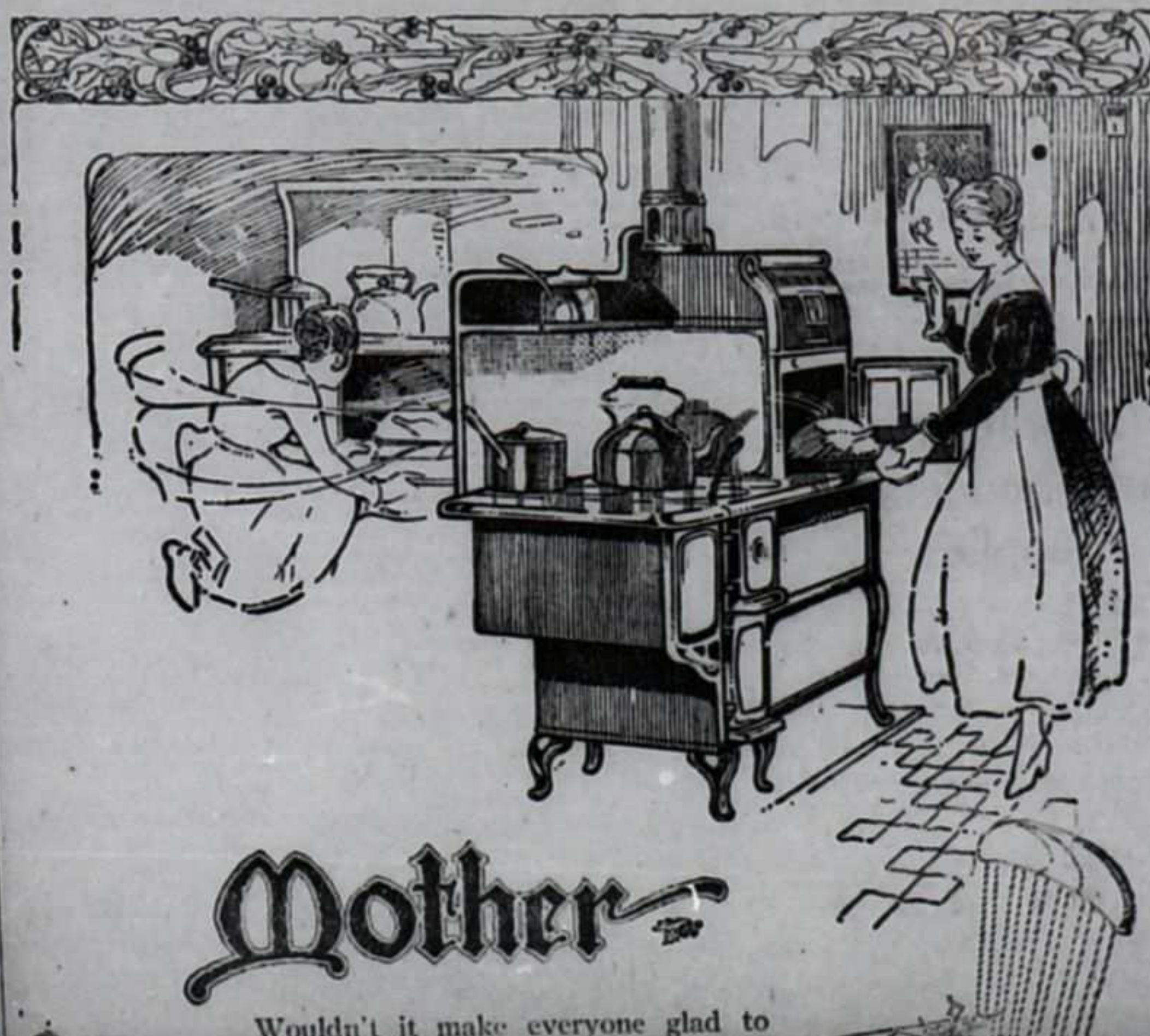
Dec. 28th.—J. H. Alway, Ridge Road, North GRIMSBY, will offer all of his farm stock, implements and household furniture, sale at 9.30 sharp, terms nine months' credit. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

Here We Are!  
Here We Are!

## Labor-Saving, Time-Saving Apparatus

A Free Demonstration of any of these goods. Our Experience at your Service. Call 130 and ask about it. Phone 130.

JAS. A. WRAY  
GRIMSBY, ONT.

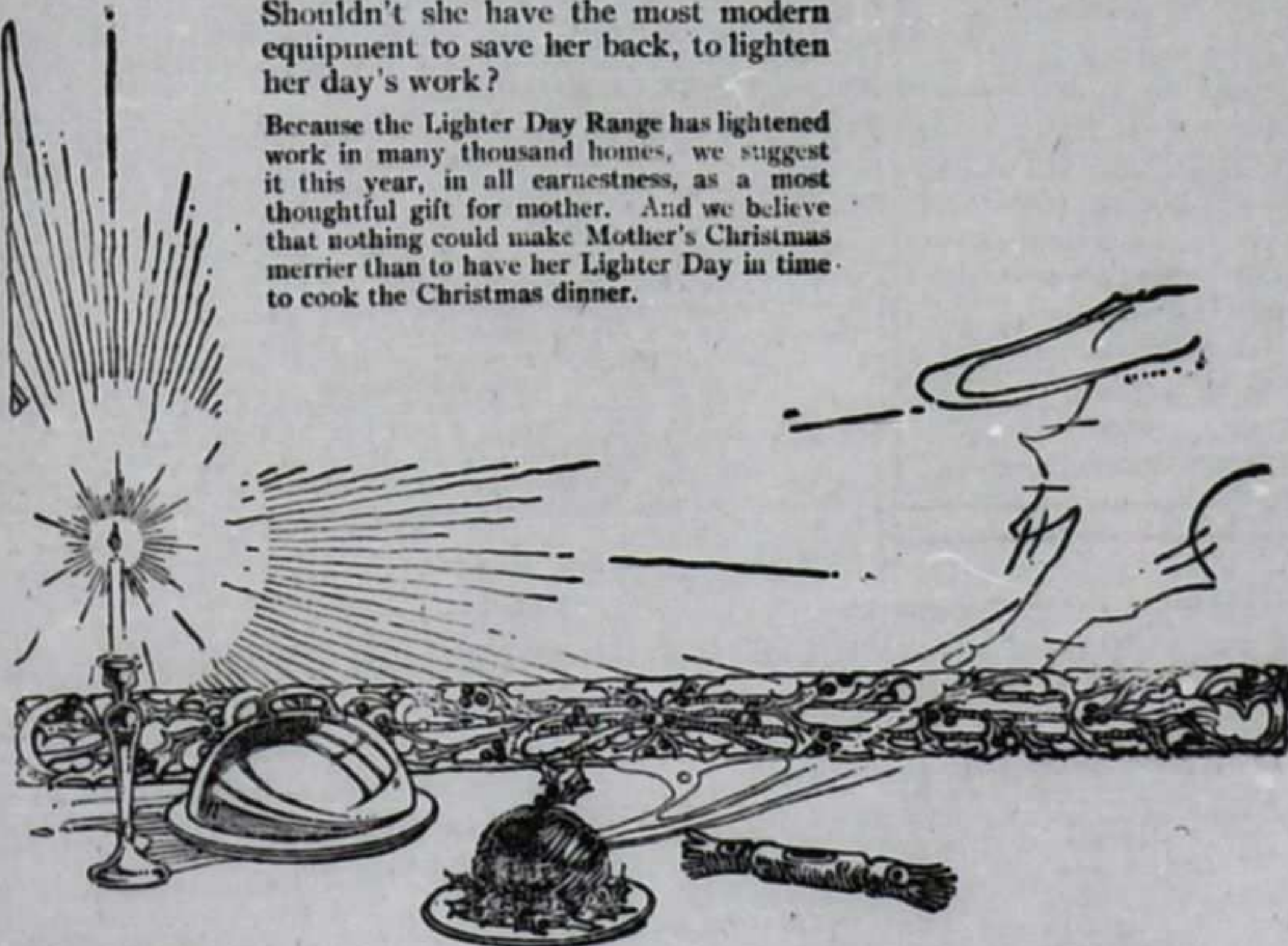


Wouldn't it make everyone glad to lighten work for mother, to know that her gift this Xmas would make her happier every day in the year?

Wouldn't it now?

Well, think of a range that does away with the hardest part of baking—the constant stooping to the oven. Isn't mother entitled to a range like this? Shouldn't she have the most modern equipment to save her back, to lighten her day's work?

Because the Lighter Day Range has lightened work in many thousand homes, we suggest it this year, in all earnestness, as a most thoughtful gift for mother. And we believe that nothing could make Mother's Christmas merrier than to have her Lighter Day in time to cook the Christmas dinner.



## A Few Timely Suggestions

Aluminum kettles and other aluminum ware is almost as cheap as copper owing to the amount of copper being used for war materials. The following are some of our lines: No. 19 tea kettles, at \$5.00; double boilers, 1 qt., at \$2.00. Electric goods make useful gifts for any member of the family. Toasters, at \$4.00; hot plates from \$3.50 to \$15.00; heaters at prices ranging from \$3.50 to \$10.00. An electric heating pad with three heats can be used with no fear of water spilling in the night. This store is full of labor saving devices for the home. Why not make electric power work for you when it is so cheap. Electric suction sweepers and electric washing machines save labor and health.

## THE ELECTRIC SHOP

The Leath  
Corn Starch Puddings. Assorted Flavors  
Baked Wheat

We Wish You All a Happy  
NEW YEAR



The People's Paper

Established 1885

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	Balance.....	\$5114 17



ANN PENNINGTON  
in "The Little Boy Scout"  
FAMOUS PLAYERS-PARAMOUNT

Twenty picture dealing with the scouts and starring dainty little Ann Pennington, star of the Ziegfeld ones as well as of previous Famous Players-Paramount pictures, is the "Little Boy Scout," in which Miss Pennington takes the role of Justina Oswald and later appears as a boy scout herself. "The Little Boy Scout" is the first picture of the series.

We Wish All Our Friends  
and Customers

A HAPPY and PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR

The A. F. Hawke Company  
GRIMSBY'S BARGAIN CENTRE

Westbound, Dec. 3rd to Jan. 2nd. Eastbound, Dec. 1st to Jan. 1st.

GLASSCO'S  
FURS

Made in Hamilton

Retailed at  
Wholesale Prices

SAVE

The Middleman's Profit by purchasing your FURS from us as we are selling to the Retail trade at ABSOLUTELY WHOLESALE PRICES, so you will see what a distinctive Price Advantage there is.

It is always a pleasure for us to show our goods. The policy which established our reputation on a solid foundation of quality and moderate prices remains the same to-day as since the inception of our business 77 years ago.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR RAW FURS

J. F. GLASSCO & CO., Limited

Wholesale Furriers Established 1840  
128 King St. East, Hamilton, Ont.

10 Barrels Sold in Beamsville in 1917

"BARTLETT BRAND"  
Home-Boiled Lime Sulphur

All Our Friends and Customers  
Prosperous Year 1918

Mfg.



## BUY YOUR GROCERIES

—AT—

"The Big Store"

# Hoshal & Burgoyne

Phone 5 - GRIMSBY

POTATOES	35c per peck
CARROTS	20c per peck
TURNIPS	20c per peck
ONIONS	65c per peck
(Yellow Danvers)	8c and 10c
CABBAGE	22c lb
SAUSAGE	15c
CANNED MILKS	20c
St. Charles Brand	22c
Silver Cow Brand	18c and 25c
Eagle Brand	
Kilm	
BUTTER	
Creamery (solid)	50c
Creamery (prints)	50c
Choice Dairy	50c
OLEO-MARGINE	38c
Best quality	
BULK CEREALS	
Oatmeal	4 lbs. for 25c
Standard Oatmeal (granulated)	3 lbs. for 25c
Wheat Germs	3 lbs. for 25c
Corn Meal	3 lbs. for 25c
Graham Flour	3 lbs. for 25c
Whole Wheat Flour	3 lbs. for 25c
FLOUR	
Purity, 24 lbs.	\$1.85
Gold Medal, 24 lbs.	\$1.70
Sunbeam, 24 lbs.	\$1.70
Elgin, 24 lbs.	\$1.65

Feeding salt in barrels	\$2.50
100 lb. Bags	\$1.10
50 lb. Bags	.60c

TEAS	
Our Light of Asia	.60c lb
Black Ceylon	.50 lb
Japans	.30c, .40c, .50c, .65c and 75c per lb
Gunpowder	.50c
Hysan Tea	.50c

COFFEE	
Our High grade Coffee	.45c lb

## SPECIALS FOR Friday & Saturday

NEW OATMEAL	4 lbs. for 25c
(Fresh)	
SEEDED RAISINS	2 for 25c
(Large 1 lb packets)	
BROKEN SODA BISCUITS	2 1/2 lbs. for 25c
(FRESH)	
GINGER SNAPS	15c lb
(A BARGAIN)	
CORN FLAKES (Quaker)	10c
(Fresh)	
JELLY POWDERS and FRUIT EXTRACTS	3 for 25c
TOILET PAPER	4 rolls for 25c
PICNIC HAMS	27c lb
(CHEAP)	
PUDDING	10c
For making Prepared Corn Starch Puddings, Assorted Flavors	
SHREDDED WHEAT	2 for 25c

We Wish You All a Happy  
NEW YEAR

## THE CHURCHES

### BAPTIST

Sunday, December 30th, 1917.  
11 a.m.—"A New Year's Meditation."  
2:30 p.m.—Bible School.  
7 p.m.—"Last Things, or Thoughts Suggested by the Close of the Year."  
Monday, 8 p.m.—B. Y. P. U.  
Wednesday, 4:15 p.m.—Mission Band.  
8 p.m.—Prayer and Praise Meeting.  
Golden Text: "With Jehovah there is loving kindness, and with Him is plenteous redemption." Ps. 130 7.

### PRESBYTERIAN

MINISTER, REV. L. H. CURRIE  
Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Soloist at morning service, Miss Jeanie Lyons contralto soloist, 6th United Presbyterian Church, Pittsburg.  
Young People's Society, Watch Night Service on Monday 31st inst. at 11 p.m.

### MARRIED

JACKSON-FERGUSON.—At the home of the bride in Cobourg, Ont. on Saturday, Dec. 22nd, 1917 by the Reverend Mr. Jull of Peterboro, Walter D. Jackson of Carp, Ont. to Lillian M., second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Ferguson.

### SOLILOQUIES BY AR. TUFFORD, HAMILTON

His Worship Goodenough Booker is goodenough for Mayor for 1918. He is the right man in the right place and goodenough for anybody. What more does Hamilton want?  
Messrs. McBurn and Stewart slipped in like hot grease on an iceberg. How was it? Explain—they must be pro-German—aint it?

The flying camp at Heamsville has got 'em all on the fly. Even Fairbrother and Pete Robinson. Riggins may soon go too, to camp.

### TEXT OF PROHIBITION

Ottawa, Dec. 23.—Official announcement was made by the Prime Minister on Saturday of the prohibition of the importation of intoxicating liquors into Canada after Monday next. The only exception is in the case of purchases made before that date. The transportation of intoxicating liquor into any part of Canada where the sale of such liquor is illegal is prohibited after April 1 next and it is also announced that the manufacture of such liquor "within Canada" will be prohibited on and after a date to be determined upon. The announcement reads:

"On December 17 the people gave to the government an unmistakable mandate for the vigorous prosecution of the war and for the employment of

sources necessary to achieve it. It is essential, and indeed vital, that the efficient conduct of the war should be unimpeded, and that all articles capable of being utilized as food should be conserved. It is beyond question that the use of liquor affects adversely the realization of this purpose.

"The subject has been under consideration by the War Committee of the Cabinet, and the following conclusions have been reached:

"(1) Any liquor or beverage containing more than 2 1/2 per cent. alcohol shall be regarded as intoxicating liquor.

"(2) The importation of intoxicating liquor into Canada is prohibited on and after December 24, 1917, unless it shall have been actually purchased on or before that date for importation into Canada, and unless, having been so purchased, it is imported into Canada not later than the 31st day of January, 1918. The final determination upon any question respecting such purchase shall rest with the Minister of Customs. This regulation shall not apply to importations for medicinal, sacramental, manufacturing or chemical purposes.

"(3) The transportation of liquor into any part of Canada wherein the sale of intoxicating liquor is illegal will be prohibited on and after April 1, 1918.

"(4) The manufacture of intoxicating liquor within Canada will be prohibited on and after a date to be determined upon further investigation and consideration of the actual conditions of the industry.

"As above mentioned, the prohibition of importation becomes effective on Monday next, December 24.

"The regulations to carry into effect the other provisions above mentioned are being prepared, and as soon as approved, they will be enacted under the provisions of the War Measures Act.

"The foregoing provisions will remain in force during the war and for twelve months after the conclusion of peace."

## Auction Sale Dates

Jan. 4th.—Leslie M. Wilcox, living 2 1/2 miles south west of Beamsville, will offer all his farm stock and implements and household furniture. Sale at one o'clock sharp. Terms nine months' credit. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

Dec. 28th.—J. H. Alway, Ridge Road, North GRIMSBY, will offer all of his farm stock, implements and household furniture, sale at 9:30 sharp, terms nine months' credit. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

# Here We Are! Here We Are!

## Labor-Saving, Time-Saving Apparatus

A Free Demonstration of any of these goods. Our Experience at your Service. Call 130 and ask about it. Phone 130.

# JAS. A. WRAY

GRIMSBY,

ONT.



# Mother

Wouldn't it make everyone glad to

lighten work for mother? To know that her gift this Xmas would make her happier every day in the year?

Wouldn't it now?

Well, think of a range that does away with the hardest part of baking—the constant stooping to the oven. Isn't mother entitled to a range like this? Shouldn't she have the most modern equipment to save her back, to lighten her day's work?

Because the Lighter Day Range has lightened work in many thousand homes, we suggest it this year, in all earnestness, as a most thoughtful gift for mother. And we believe that nothing could make Mother's Christmas merrier than to have her Lighter Day in time to cook the Christmas dinner.



## A Few Timely Suggestions

Aluminum kettles and other aluminum ware is almost as cheap as copper owing to the amount of copper being used for war materials. The following are some of our lines: No. 9 tea kettles, at \$5.00; double boilers, 1 qt., at \$2.00. Electric goods make useful gifts for any member of the family. Toasters, at \$4.00; hot plates from \$3.50 to \$15.00; heaters at prices ranging from \$3.50 to \$10.00. An electric heating pad with three heats can be used with no fear of water spilling in the night. This store is full of labor saving devices for the home. Why not make electric power work for you when it is so cheap. Electric suction sweepers and electric washing machines save labor and health.

# THE ELECTRIC SHOP



# I OWE MY HEALTH

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female troubles, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."—Mrs. ROSE STORIE, Moore Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

## Contractor's and Builders' Supplies

Lime, Portland Cement  
Plaster Paris, etc.  
Plastering Hair  
Mortar Color  
Lath

All other Contractors' Supplies

## H. & J. Dow

81 Main St. West  
Telephone 771. HAMILTON

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

of the Township of Binbrook  
for the Year 1917

1917		RECEIPTS
Feb. 20	To cash Taxes from Treasurer.....	\$ 289 20
June 21	Percentage on arrears of Taxes.....	5 00
Dec. 14	Railway Tax.....	27 12
	Rebate from County for H. Housbury.....	22 00
	Taxes from Collector.....	15723 64
	Paid Treasurer.....	1414 85
	Total receipts.....	\$17460 81

1917		EXPENDITURE
Jan. 8	By cash Clerk's account paper, postage, etc.....	\$ 10 00
	J. A. Lawason, legal services.....	20 00
	J. A. Livingston, printing account.....	25 65
Feb. 1	Municipal World, forms.....	10 15
6	Clerk's account, births, marriages and deaths.....	8 40
	Auditor's fees.....	8 00
Mar. 7	E. Harrison, sheep killed.....	20 00
	Pro. B. of Health, special containers.....	3 60
	N. Laidman, Collector of Taxes.....	60 00
	Balance due Treasurer.....	95 43
19	A. Spittal, snow shovelling.....	6 20
	George Daw, snow shovelling.....	4 75
	A. Mayhew, snow shovelling.....	9 20
	H. Young, snow shovelling.....	26 05
	W. N. Freeman, snow shovelling.....	15 02
	H. Gillan, snow shovelling.....	4 20
	John Tosell, snow shovelling.....	5 00
	E. Whitwell, snow shovelling.....	22 68
	A. West, snow shovelling.....	8 35
	W. E. Wood, work on road 1916, 1917.....	28 83
	Parke & Parke, fumigator.....	3 60
May 28	D. Alcheson, plank, 1915.....	13 94
	George Whitwell, work on roads.....	14 00
	Chas. Ridge, work on roads.....	15 45
	Arva Griffin, work on roads.....	5 00
	H. Young, work on roads.....	10 00
	R. Harrison, road machine work.....	297 25
	Edgar Swayze, Assessor's salary.....	50 00
	Sawyer Massey, road machine.....	285 00
	Hydro Railway Association fees.....	10 00
June 25	A. Johnson, work on roads.....	15 17
	E. Whitwell, repairs to roads.....	23 00
	H. Gillan, repairs to roads.....	15 00
	Fred Laidman, repairs to roads.....	26 60
	John Tosell, repairs to roads.....	18 05
	M. McGann, sharpening road machine blade.....	14 70
	Clerk's account for drawing culverts.....	6 00
Sept. 3	Canada Ingot Iron Co., culverts.....	5 50
	J. A. Livingston, printing account.....	398 10
	R. Harrison, grading roads.....	40 00
	A. Spittal, work on roads.....	451 35
	A. Johnson, work on roads.....	14 00
	W. L. Dougherty, work on roads.....	15 90
	John Mitchell, work on roads.....	15 00
	E. Lester, work on roads.....	22 40
	R. Harrison, grading roads.....	74 40
Oct. 10	Selectors of Jurors.....	8 00
Dec. 15	Owen Stewart, drawing stone.....	438 00
	Wm. Laidman, repairs to street lamp.....	1 80
	D. Alcheson Co., plank.....	8 55
	E. Lester, work on roads.....	14 05
	H. Gillan, work on roads.....	3 75
	George Daw, work on roads.....	20 60
	Jas. Fletcher, work on roads.....	26 30
	H. Young, work on roads.....	4 50
	Thos. Tweedle, work on roads.....	17 22
	A. West, work on roads.....	20 00
	W. J. Gwynn, work on roads.....	20 00

W. L. Dougherty, work on roads.....	16 00
T. J. Brown, work on roads.....	13 85
Chas. Salmon, work on roads.....	20 75
A. Mayhew, work on roads.....	22 25
E. H. Marshall, work on roads.....	26 00
A. Spencer, work on roads.....	7 85
W. N. Freeman, work on roads.....	34 75
W. J. Hewitt, work on roads.....	13 00
Jas. Berry, work on roads.....	25 00
John Culp, work on roads.....	9 00
George W. Hall, work on roads.....	2 00
Wm. Beattie, work on roads.....	59 00
Isaac Foster, work on roads.....	4 00
S. Bell, one sheep killed.....	20 00
John A. Freeman, one sheep killed.....	2 00
J. Barlow, sheep valuator.....	25 00
James A. Livingston, printing.....	75 00
Binbrook Agricultural Society, grant.....	25 00
Binbrook School Fair, grant.....	20 00
E. J. Whitworth, rent of hall.....	32 00
Board of Health.....	40 00
D. McAllister, Recd.....	35 00
A. J. Daw, Councilor.....	35 00
John Dalgleish, Councilor.....	35 00
James Duff, Councilor.....	35 00
J. D. Rose, Clerk and Treasurer.....	250 00
W. B. Switzer, Secretary-Treasurer S. S. No. 1.....	860 40
E. J. Tweedle, Secretary-Treasurer S. S. No. 2.....	796 18
C. Ecker, Secretary-Treasurer S. S. No. 3.....	1385 28
S. Switzer, Secretary-Treasurer S. S. No. 4.....	703 26
Jas. Goodale, Secretary-Treasurer S. S. No. 5.....	698 70
John Mitchell, Secretary-Treasurer S. S. No. 6.....	792 26

Total expenditure.....\$8970 56

ABSTRACT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE	
Receipts.....	\$17460 81
Expenditure.....	8970 56
Balance.....	\$8490 25

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
ASSETS	
Balance on hand.....	\$ 5490 25
Uncollected Taxes.....	287 00
Total.....	\$5777 25

LIABILITIES	
County rate.....	\$ 7158 42
War Tax.....	1225 63
Interest on overdraft not known.....	\$8484 05

W. B. SWITZER, Treasurer. D. McALLISTER, Reeve.

## NORTH GRIMSBY

Eastern Road Division, December 15th, 1917

EXPENDITURE			
Jan. 8	F. Hurst, 20 hours Commissioner.....		5
Feb. 10	T. Pearson, 16 1/2 hours team, and 16 1/2 hours man, breaking roads.....		10
	J. Anderson, 10 hours team breaking road.....		4
	J. Marlow, 10 hours man, shovelling snow.....		3
	A. Bator, 30 hours man, shovelling snow.....		6
	I. Sweet, 2 hours team and 9 hours man.....		2
	E. F. Hurst, 12 hours team, 12 hours man, breaking roads.....		7
	W. Carson, 7 hours team, 8 hours man, breaking road..		4
	M. Rippenberg, 1 1/2 hours shovelling snow.....		7

Mar. 10	F. Hurst, 46 hours Commissioner.....	11 50
	R. Nevills, 7 1/2 hours man Grimsby Mountain.....	1 50
	J. Marlow, 6 hours shovelling snow.....	1 20
	E. F. Hurst, 6 hours team, 5 hours man.....	3 45
	W. Carson, 5 hours team, 6 hours man.....	3 95
	T. Pearson, 7 hours man shovelling snow.....	1 00
	W. Vail, 3 hours team, shovelling snow.....	1 40
	A. Bator, 10 hours team, breaking road.....	1 35
	F. Hurst, 40 hours Commissioner.....	2 00
Apr. 14	J. Terryberry, 10 hours shovelling snow.....	10 00
	L. Hurst, 6 hours shovelling snow.....	2 00
	T. Pearson, 10 hours man, 6 hours team.....	1 20
	J. Anderson, 15 hours team, Park Mountain.....	4 70
	B. Hurst, 5 hours team, drawing tile, 40 hours man.....	6 75
	I. Sweet, 12 1/2 hours team and 10 hours man.....	10 25
	W. Wilcox, 5 hours shovelling snow.....	7 63
	G. Rippenberg, 3 1/2 hours work, Park Mountain.....	1 00
	J. Schott, 5 hours scraping road.....	7 75
	W. Vail, 8 hours team, scraping road.....	2 25
	F. Hurst, 110 hours Commissioner.....	4 00
	R. Nevills, 7 1/2 hours scraping road.....	27 60
	B. Douglas, 28 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	3 25
	J. Johnson, 20 hours man, 5 hours team.....	7 05
	Grimsby Beach, 8 hours team on grader.....	3 25
	R. Asquith, axle grease.....	4 00
	Theal Bros., 1 gallon oil.....	30 00
	Scott & Sangster, repair road machine.....	40 00
	N. Nelles, 10 loads gravel.....	1 00
	J. Anderson, 40 hours team drawing gravel.....	2 50
	T. Mackie, 27 hours team drawing gravel.....	20 00
	T. Pearson, 10 hours team, 10 hours man, drawing gravel.....	13 50
	A. Hurst, 120 hours team, drawing gravel, 5 on grader.....	7 50
	E. F. Hurst, 20 hours team, drawing gravel.....	60 00
	J. Hiltz, 31 hours man on Grimsby Mountain.....	10 00
	J. H. Beamer, sharpening road machine blade.....	9 30
	F. Hurst, 173 hours Commissioner.....	2 50
June 30	W. Pearson, 30 hours team, 20 hours man.....	51 70
	A. Hurst, 90 hours team, 45 hours man.....	20 00
	T. Pearson, 63 hours team, 54 hours man.....	26 25
	E. F. Hurst, 77 hours team, 15 hours man.....	45 00
	Theal Bros., 2 stone hammer handles.....	42 25
	T. Mackie, 20 hours team, drawing gravel and grader.....	19 50
	R. Mackie, 20 hours team on plough.....	10 00
	H. Ramsbury, 4 hours team scraping road.....	2 00
	W. Vail, 5 hours, scraping road.....	2 50
	W. Carson, 5 hours scraping road.....	2 50
	A. Yager, 16 hours team, drawing gravel.....	2 50
	R. Douglas, 1 1/2 hours scraping road and 35 loads gravel.....	17 55
	F. Hurst, 175 hours Commissioner, 25c for spikes.....	75 00
Aug. 4	T. Pearson, 35 hours team, 38 hours man.....	52 75
	E. F. Hurst, 50 hours team.....	27 00
	R. Mackie, 30 hours team.....	25 00
	A. Hurst, 55 hours team, 40 hours man.....	15 00
	J. Johnson, 20 hours team drawing stone.....	52 50
	T. Ferrill, 15 hours team drawing stone.....	11 00
	W. B. Ducker, 10 hours team, scraping road.....	8 25
	W. Carson, 5 hours team, spreading stone.....	5 00
	A. Yager, 5 hours team, 10 hours man, 12 loads gravel.....	1 25
	F. Hurst, 153 hours Commissioner.....	20 00
Sept. 15	W. B. Ducker, 10 hours team on grader.....	45 90
	E. F. Hurst, 10 hours team on grader.....	5 50
	J. Shott, 5 hours team on grader.....	10 50
	W. Pearson, 52 hours team on grader.....	3 50
	A. H. Hurst, 105 hours team on grader and 15 hours man.....	28 60
	J. W. Hiltz, 33 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	58 75
	F. Hurst, 35 hours team and mower cutting weeds.....	9 80
	W. Shelton, 12 loads of gravel.....	17 50
	W. Vail, 4 hours team on disc.....	4 80
	F. Hurst, 176 hours Commissioner.....	2 00
Oct. 13	J. Johnson, 6 1/2 days drawing stone.....	52 80
	A. Hill, 4 1/2 days drawing stone.....	35 75
	T. Farrell, 5 1/2 days drawing stone.....	24 75
	B. Hurst, 32 hours man on Mountain.....	30 25
	A. H. Hurst, 110 hours team on grader and Grimsby Mountain.....	8 00
	W. Pearson, 50 hours team on grader and culvert.....	57 25
	J. Hurst, 25 hours team on grader.....	27 50
	W. Carson, 16 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	13 75
	W. Fowler, 20 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	4 00
	K. Pearson, 50 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	5 00
	W. Pearson, 30 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	12 50
	W. J. Gwynn, 30 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	7 50
	Theal Bros., hardware.....	2 50
	Scott & Sangster, repairs.....	2 20
	R. Douglas, 4 hours, cutting weeds and scraping road.....	58 60
	F. Hurst, 195 hours Commissioner.....	31 50
Nov. 17	W. Pearson, 48 hours team, 25 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	57 50
	T. Pearson, 50 hours team, 70 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	12 50
	M. W. Meikle, 50 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	5 50
	A. Winn, 22 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	6 85
	W. Shelton, 5 hours man, 14 yards gravel.....	30 25
	T. Farrell, 5 1/2 days drawing stone.....	45 00
	A. H. Hurst, 50 hours team drawing gravel.....	36 50
	W. Carson, 70 hours team, drawing gravel.....	11 00
	G. L. Book, 22 loads gravel.....	10 25
	A. Yager, 13 yards gravel and 7 yards delivered.....	21 50
	T. Mackie, 40 hours team on grader.....	7 50
	P. Marlow, 30 hours man, load dirt.....	10 00
	A. Hill, 20 hours drawing stone.....	10 25
	B. Hurst, 41 hours man, Grimsby Mountain.....	3 25
	Theal Bros., hardware.....	48 00
	B. Fyett, engine on Grimsby Mountain and repairs for road machine.....	2 50
	J. Konkle, sharpening blade for road machine.....	4 65
	G. Douglas, picks, handles and shovels.....	13 75
	J. Johnson, 2 1/2 days drawing stone.....	61 80
	F. Hurst, 206 hours Commissioner.....	24 25
Dec. 15	G. Comber, 97 hours man at crusher.....	25 00
	O. Bowman, 112 hours man at crusher.....	29 50
	W. Bowman, 118 hours man at crusher.....	3 00
	W. B. Ducker, 5 hours team, 2 hours man.....	13 75
	H. Ramsbury, 55 hours man at crusher.....	21 25
	J. Ducker, 87 hours man, at crusher.....	15 87
	J. Shott, 75 1/2 hours man at crusher.....	44 23
	Theal Bros., hardware.....	3 15
	M. W. Meikle, 15 hours man at crusher.....	1 10
	J. Clark, 2 hours man at crusher.....	4 00
	W. Fields, belt laces.....	7 25
	E. F. Hurst, 5 1/2 hours team, 5 hours man.....	30 00
	J. Musselman, 29 hours man at crusher.....	5 25
	B. Hurst, 120 hours man at crusher.....	13 00
	T. Pearson, 6 hours team, 9 hours man.....	31 25
	G. Marlow, 52 hours man on Robinson St.....	56 10
	J. W. Carson, 125 hours man spreading stone.....	1 00
	F. Hurst, 177 hours Commissioner.....	14 00
	J. Terryberry, 4 hours man.....	7 50
	S. Walker, 20 hours team, 10 hours man.....	
	W. Pearson, 30 hours man.....	
	Total.....	\$2087 74

## HARRY F. LEWIS PAYS GRIMSBY A VISIT.

Harry F. Lewis, son of W. F. Lewis formerly of GRIMSBY, now of Hamilton, who has been absent from GRIMSBY for eleven years, paid his old friends here, a visit on Monday last.

Previous to 1906 Harry was in the Bank of Hamilton here. He was transferred to Beamsville Branch, where he remained two years, going from there to New York and then to England, where he enlisted in the Royal Navy. On May 15, 1908, in class 2, on H.M.S. Acheron. On December 15, 1908, he was transferred to H.M.S. Irresistible. On July 1, 1909, he passed his examination successfully to Class A and on that served to February 15, 1909. On that day he fell overboard and was rescued by a life boat. He was invalided to hospital till April 9, 1910, when he received his honorable discharge. He then returned to the United States where he remained up to the present year. When the call was made for men on November 10, he was in Toronto and registered at the Post Office. He was placed in Class C by the Medical Board. He is now visiting with his father in Hamilton.

## REPORT OF S. S. NO. 1

December.

Names of those who have missed one or more exams are marked with an asterisk.

IV. Class, honours 750, pass 600: Norman Wade, 831; Fred Russ, 772; \*Colbourne Fair, 738; \*Audrey Little, 732; Kenneth Poole, 720; Geneva Aik, 704; Ronald Russ, 694; \*Glady Neal, 621; Lester Neal, 604; \*Wal Hiltz, 595; \*Solon Burgess, 569; \*Waco Wilkins, 473; \*Margaret Stewart, 421; \*Jim Wilkins, 227.

III. Class, honours 263, pass 210: \*Elmo amps, 338; Kenneth Ford, 326; Lizzie Camps, 314; Marjorie Louks, 310; Beryl Russ, 280; Doris Neal, 276; Alec Wilcox, 274; \*William Stewart, 268; Gordon Cole, 260; Margaret Wilcox, 248; \*Karl Harrod, 240; \*Fred Burgess, 238; \*Marion Kitchen, 220; Robert Hunter, 204; \*Horbert Hiltz, 178; Allan Poole, 176; Harry Marsh, 156; \*Irene Wilcox, 140; \*Russell Aikens, 136.

Red Cross collection for the year amounts to \$34.16.

Teacher, Miss Jennie L. Wright.

## MISERABLE FROM STOMACH TROUBLE

Felt Wretched Until He Started To Take "Fruit-a-lives"

504 CHAMPLAIN ST., MONTREAL.  
"For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I had frequent Dizzy Spells, and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints, and my hands swollen. A friend advised 'Fruit-a-lives' and from the outset, they did me good. After the first box, I felt I was getting well and I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-lives' is the only medicine that helped me". LOUIS LABRIE.  
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

W. W. KIDD C. T. FARRELL

## KIDD & FARRELL

'Real' Estate and Insurance

Private and Company

MONEY TO LOAN

Office Main Street, GRIMSBY.

## Don't Patch YOUR TIRES

YOU WILL GET MORE MILEAGE BY HAVING THEM VULCANIZED AT

## The Winona Vulcanizing and Tire Works

On out-of-town repairs express charges paid one way. Ten per cent. discount will be allowed on all repairs on tires sold by us. Tire Service Guaranteed.

Goodyear Tire Dealers Nickle Plating Done

## The WINONA VULCANIZING and TIRE WORKS

Winona, Ontario

GLASSES once the sign of old age, are now the sign of good sense.



OLD STYLE  
In the days of old style double vision lenses, older people hesitated to wear Glasses because of the highly conspicuous lines.





WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1917

# O. S. TEFT & SON Fish and Oysters

We handle the best Oysters on the market. The Rhode Island and Blue Point. Select Oysters at only 50c pint. Also Shrimps at.....40c per pint. All kinds of fish kept in stock at reasonable prices.

Chickens, ducks, geese and turkeys bought. Best prices for well dressed fowls.

Leave your order with me for your New Year dinner.

Phone 41 ring 2  
GRIMSBY.

## LOWEST PRICES on CEDAR POSTS LUMBER, Etc.

**Dominion Lumber  
& Coal Co.**  
265 King St. E., Hamilton, Ont.

## THE FINAL WORD IN NEW YEAR GIVING

Is to get something useful. What more useful gift could you give than a pair of boots, rubbers, or nice slippers? When making

### PROFIT ON A SMALL FLOCK OF EWES

(Experimental Farms Note)  
In October, 1916, a flock of 100 grade ewes were purchased at public auction from the C. P. R. Department of Natural Resources at Coalville, Alberta. 50 Shropshire shearing ewes at \$11.75 apiece and 50 Merino ewes at \$9.50 apiece and a three year old Shropshire ram at \$42.50 also 6 old ewes at \$6.00 apiece. To this really should be added the price of a second ram as the service of one was obtained from a neighbor who was planning to lamb around six weeks or so later than we were.

**Cost of Wintering**  
A record of the cost of wintering was not attempted as they were pastured on the stubble fields and hay meadows most of the winter. The feed that was given them during the severe part of the winter was adamsed hay and odds and ends of roughage that had little or no market value. The only class of feed given that would not be apt to be found on the ordinary farm was turnips. As we happened to have a surplus of these they were given a feed of sliced turnips daily for most of the winter. At lambing time a little grain was fed also some hay of good quality. They were fed grain (barley and oats mixed) from time of lambing until turned out on grass. Each one probably received about one pound of grain and two pound of hay daily at this time.

**Dogs**  
The danger from dogs is very real when sheep are kept under farm conditions and usually the closer one is located to a town the greater becomes the menace. Stringent laws arranging for the destruction of dogs which are not kept under the owners' close supervision are most commendable. The Lethbridge Station is only about three miles from the city of Lethbridge and consequently there are more stray dogs wandering about than might be the case in a farming community more remote from a large town.

One night in February the corral in which the ewes were confined at night was visited by two stray dogs. Their presence was not discovered until nearly daylight and they succeeded in killing twelve ewes.

**Lambing and Summering**  
The ewes started to lamb on March 25th and the 94 ewes left after the trouble from the dogs all had lambs there being 118 born and 112 of these were saved.

of August when the feed became rather scarce, during the summer two ewes died and nine lambs were killed by coyotes and dogs leaving at weaning time, Oct. 1st, 92 ewes and 103 lambs.

**Financial Returns**  
The following statement gives the financial returns from the investment:

In the above statement nothing is allowed for labour. This is an important item but will vary with circumstances. On a farm fenced with woven wire it will be reduced to a small amount. The destruction of weeds that will be accomplished by the presence of the sheep on a farm will go a long way to compensate for their labour involved in their care.

### PRICE OF BRAN AND SHORTS FIXED.

OFFICE OF THE FOOD CONTROLLER, OTTAWA.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated the fifteenth day of November 1917, it was amongst other things provided that, the Food Controller may, by written order, from time to time prescribe the maximum amount of profit or the maximum price (or both) to be charged on any part or parts of Canada, or within any part or parts of Canada designated by the Food Controller, of any food or foods or of any food products designated by the Food Controller;

And whereas it is advisable in the public interest to make the following order:

Therefore, I do hereby order:

That the maximum price at which millers shall sell bran and shorts after 17th. day of December, 1917, shall be:

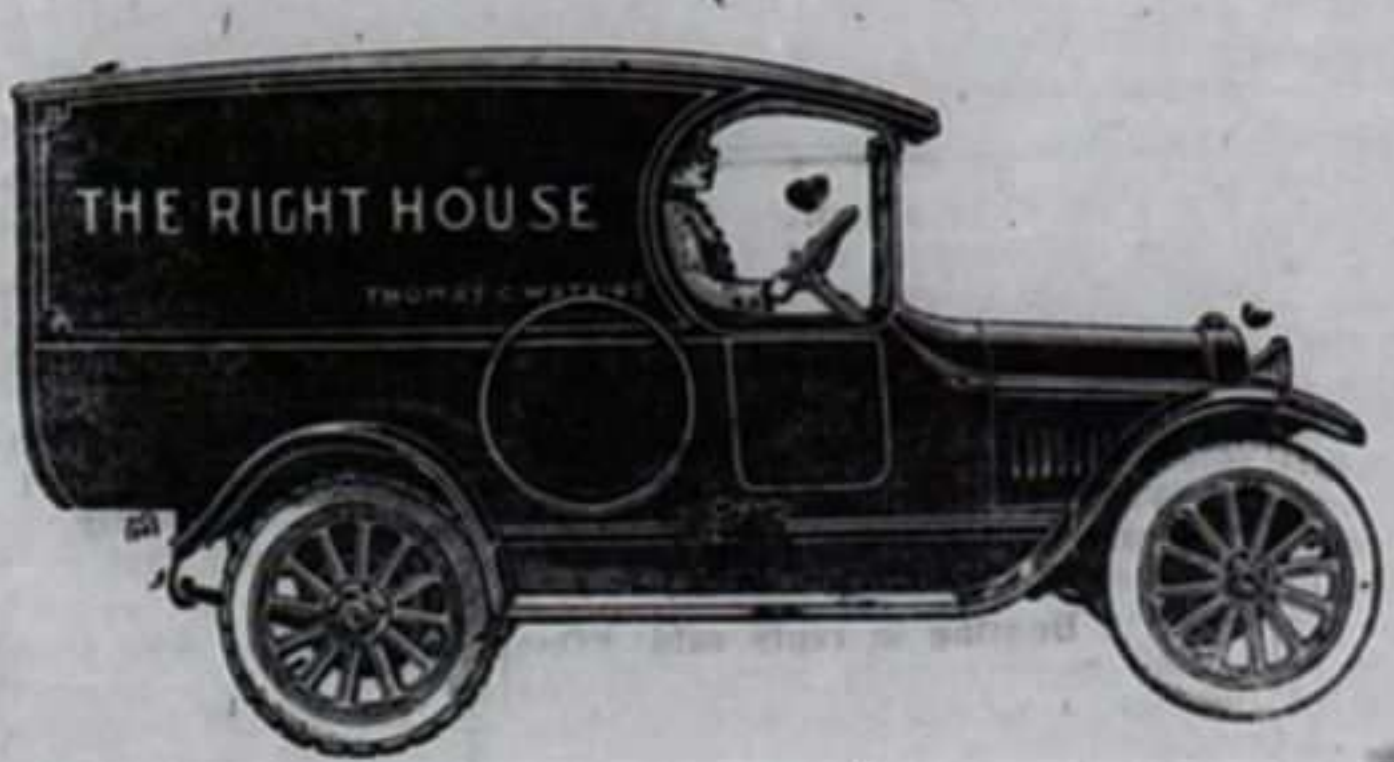
\$24.50 per ton of 2,000 lbs. for bran  
\$29.50 per ton of 2,000 lbs. for shorts.

These prices shall be for bran and shorts in bulk, freight paid at Fort William and Port Arthur. To these prices may be added the cost of storage and freight from Fort William and Port Arthur to the point of destination, east of Port William and Port Arthur. At points west of Port William and Port Arthur, the maximum price of bran and shorts in bulk shall be, the price at Port William and Port Arthur, less the difference between the freight charges at such points and the freight charge for delivery at Port William and Port Arthur.

On all invoices covering a grade east of Port William and Port Arthur

## The Right House HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE

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**Thomas C. Watkins, Limited**

order to clear up this matter as far as possible Mr. J. M. Elson, Editor of the St. Catharines Journal and President of the Liberal Association, has given out a statement describing the correspondence up to election day.

Mr. Robertson of St. Catharines also made a statement to the Standard in which he was inclined to blame Mr. Elson for the delay in getting Captain Lovelace's views before the public.

Amongst other things Mr. Elson says:

"I do not think that Mr. Robertson purposely desires to charge me before the public with holding back from the Liberal executive a letter which he (Robertson) had received. It would be most unjust. This inference, unfortunately, may be drawn from the article which appeared in The Standard Thursday, commenting on cables, letters, etc. I will give, therefore, the chain of events as established by records and newspaper files to which any person may have access.

**History of Correspondence.**

"Some time after the meeting of Liberal editors in Toronto at which it was decided to advocate conscription, union government, the formation of a war cabinet and one or two other which we regarded as in the interests of the Dominion I wrote a letter to Capt. Lovelace as a friend, telling him what we had done as editors and why. This communication set forth fairly well, I think, the situation in any way, I simply told him that as an editor I had come to the conclusion with others that conscription was necessary and that I would support such a policy through the columns of The Journal. I asked him to write me setting forth his views so that as president of the Association I could bring his opinions before the organization. Capt. Lovelace when he returns can verify this statement. About the tenth of October I received a letter from Capt. Lovelace, which bears date of Sept. 21st, and the London post mark of Sept. 22nd. This letter was addressed to me personally not in the capacity of president. Its first paragraph read:

"My dear Mr. Elson: Your letter of August 22nd, has just reached me and I am hastening to reply. Firstly, however, permit me to say that I am arranging to send you a cable tomorrow stating that in a letter to our good friend W. J. Robertson I have pretty clearly set forth my views on the matter of conscription."

"The remainder of the letter was much the same as that sent to Mr. Robertson giving his reason for favoring conscription. I quote this because of the statement that he was writing me 'tomorrow' and I waited for the cable which never came.

**Reasons for the Delay.**  
In the meantime Mr. Robertson had, it is quite true, been in to see me and said that he had the letter and that it should be brought before the executive. I agreed it should be and said I would shortly call an executive meeting. I felt of course as president that any official communication from Capt. Lovelace regarding his views and candidature should have been sent to me as president

most noticeable benefit to Canada. She should not only raise her own food products, but should be an exporter of these products upon a large scale. The balance of trade in favor of Canada is now piling up at the rate of half a billion a year, as compared with a reverse balance of some \$275,000,000 in 1913. To maintain this balance of trade on the right side of the ledger is the great problem that Canada must face during the reconstruction period after the war.

During the ten year period previous to the war, some 2,500,000 immigrants came into Canada. Of this total, Great Britain provided, roughly, 1,000,000; the United States 900,000; the balance coming from other countries. Only a small proportion of the immigration from Great Britain settled on our farms, while most of the settlers coming here from the States went on to farms in Western Canada.

Our problem will be, how we can obtain settlers for our vacant farm lands, and at the same time care for the unskilled labor which is quite sure to flock to our cities after the war.

The United States at the close of the Civil War practically threw open her doors and invited immigration from most parts of the world. A comparison of conditions prevailing in the United States then, and Canada now, however, shows a number of important differences. The urban population in the United States was only about 16% of the total at the start of the Civil War. A large proportion of the enlistments in the American Army came from among the farmers, as against only 12% of our enlistment from among farmers and ranchers. When the Civil War ended there was a wave of industrial development that called for a large quantity of labor. The returning soldiers for the most part turned back to their farms, or moved with their families to the newly opened homestead lands in the Central West. This made it possible to absorb the unskilled labor from Europe as rapidly as it came to the States. In the meantime, the agricultural production soon was brought back to a normal basis and then started to increase rapidly. The opening of a demand for extensive railways, and about 15,000 miles were constructed in the central and Mississippi Valley States during the half decade following the Civil War. This in turn added to the demand for labor and helped to absorb the flood of immigration.

A survey of labor conditions in Canada indicates that there will be employment for about 300,000 more men after the war than are needed at present. This would take care of the returning soldiers but for the fact that when the manufacturing of munitions ceases, probably 200,000 persons now employed will be seeking other jobs. Perhaps of this number 25% will not require positions; still this leaves fully 100,000 to be cared for even after the returning soldiers are placed.

This situation indicates that we should restrict our immigration to the cities as much as possible and encourage our agricultural development to the greatest extent possible. We cannot hope for the railway construction boom that absorbed the surplus labor in the United States. Canada

development must be as large an increase in agriculture as possible.

It will not be patriotic or good business to invite unrestricted immigration from the Mother Country after the war. Great Britain will need to look to her own agricultural development. There will be a demand for labor here to rehabilitate British industry. It has been the desire of economists to develop a larger portion of the British population into farm workers. It would seem that the reconstruction period will afford this long sought opportunity.

Canada must look to the United States and to the northern European countries for agricultural immigrants. In the United States alone, there are a large number of young men each year who leave the farms and flock to the cities because of their inability to obtain cheap farm lands. Every effort must be made to interest these men and by placing the inducements of Canada before them, attract them to this country.

There is every reason to suppose that the tide of immigration that flowed to Western Canada from the United States before the war can be started again through the proper direction. But most of all of this immigration was from experienced farmers, whose training had been under practically the same conditions of climate, soil, government, language, money and society, as they found in Canada. Failure among this class of immigrants has been the exception. Even large numbers of cases these immigrants came from European countries originally, having merely passed a period of acclimation to American conditions during a stay in the United States.

Canada will continue to attract numbers of agricultural immigrants from the northern countries of Europe in spite of the rigid laws, in many of these countries, against emigration. Sweden, Norway, Denmark have sent many valuable farm hands to our borders, and we may expect many more. Even Russia, in spite of the broadening democratic development there, should be a source from which a large number of good agricultural workers can be obtained.

Special homestead provisions for British soldiers have been proposed as a possible means of colonization in the Dominion. Canada's experience with such a plan after the South African war was anything but satisfactory. The objective of providing a home for the men who have heroically fought for the Empire by granting farms through the issue of small parcels was reached in only a small percentage of cases. Instead, the plan made it possible for land speculators to obtain the choicest of the Government lands through a heavy discount. And it has been the experience of the West that speculators have held back the development of large areas of excellent land. In our Western Provinces drastic measures have been taken for forcing this unoccupied land, held by speculators, into the hands of producers by the imposition of a surtax on unimproved land.

As previously stated, the very need of Canada is greater agricultural production. Colonization by our returning soldiers that will increase the number of our producers will help us

diversify our special training in the principles of agriculture, have had some experience in this line of work. One way to successfully organize them into military units after they have been given one year's instruction at a district agricultural school.

It would be an excellent investment for the Government to even support the families of such soldiers, through the same separation allowance that was given soldiers' families during overseas duty, while they were attending the agricultural camps. Agriculture is a business requiring special knowledge, just as store-keeping, or any of the trades.

The Civil War veterans were allowed a rebate in time equal to the period of their service in the army in obtaining title to their homesteads. A similar provision has been adopted in Canada. Due care should be taken in the other regulations surrounding the homesteading of soldiers as well as civilians, so as to be sure that every entry comes from a man who has a sincere desire to engage in the business of farming. It must be remembered in this connection that almost 90% of our Canadian soldiers, and even a higher percentage of those of Great Britain, have had no experience in farming. As against this, the predominance of farmers among the Civil War veterans, and the population of the country, was almost 3 to 1. Yet the history of the Central Western States during these reconstruction days is filled with stories of hardships endured and ultimate failure of those veterans who were not familiar with conditions attending farm life.

Canada has been wont to consider that all her farm problems are located west of the Great Lakes; that the Eastern Provinces are sufficiently settled. We have now to face quite the same problem that the United States faced a decade after the Civil War, namely the re-population of the farms in the older sections, left vacant during the rush to the prairie lands in the West. Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and other States were for years dotted with vacant farms. The same situation is to be found in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces today. Our Provincial and Federal Governments have only recently come to realize this fact and are now putting forth a concerted effort to bring a betterment of these conditions.

And again we have large areas of new lands in both Ontario and Quebec—lands tributary to rail service even—which are yawning for occupation and production.

Canada's immigration problem, considered as it is with the economic foundation of our future prosperity, should receive the most careful attention of our Government, and the deepest thought of our statesmen. Canada's greatest economic need is more farmers. This need translated into other terms means a necessity for a prolific immigration of the sort of settlers who have the inclination to go on to our lands and the knowledge of how to make these lands produce the utmost, so that Canada may at least feed herself, and finally develop a surplus to sell abroad. This selected immigration can only be secured through an intensive campaign under the direction of the very best experts obtainable.

Labour, Downs, C.....	490 10	
Extra help.....	312 68	
		802 78
		\$941 08

ASSETS	
Outstanding accounts gravedigging and lots.....	\$ 492 15
Unsold lots 261 @ \$50.....	13050 00
Buildings (estimated).....	300 00
Tools, implements, etc.....	150 00
	\$18,992 15

C. H. BROMLEY, Superintendent. H. Y. HILLIER, Chairman.

DETAILS OF THE VOTE IN WELLAND COUNTY			
Cities—	Fraser.	German.	Hughes.
Welland.....	763	576	335
Niagara Falls.....	1217	973	618
Total, Cities.....	1980	1549	953
Towns and Villages—			
Thorold.....	601	215	51
Bridgeburg.....	245	138	26
Port Colborne.....	274	215	34
Port Erie.....	74	96	6
Humberstone.....	99	128	42
Chippawa.....	61	31	76
Total, Towns and Villages.....	1345	823	235
Townships—			
Bertie.....	253	373	37
Crowland.....	163	159	66
Pelham.....	250	414	30
Stamford.....	146		
Thorold.....	333	266	72
Wainfleet.....	265	274	52
Willoughby.....	49	124	24
Humberstone.....	174	283	45
Total, Townships.....	1633	1993	346
Total for County.....	4957	4365	1534

Majority for Fraser—592.

Majority.		MAJORITIES	
For Fraser—		For German—	
Welland.....	187	Fort Erie.....	22
Niagara Falls.....	244	Humberstone Village.....	29
Thorold.....	386	Bertie.....	120
Bridgeburg.....	107	Pelham.....	164
Port Colborne.....	59	Wainfleet.....	9
Crowland.....	4	Willoughby.....	75
Stamford.....	146	Humberstone Township.....	109
Thorold Township.....	67	For Hughes—	
		Chippawa.....	17

### PAPER FOR THE RED CROSS

All persons who are saving their paper, rags and old rubbers for the Red Cross should also save their old shoes and harness and the Boy Scouts will collect them when they come for their next collection.

The following letter will explain

The Grimsby Red Cross.

I take pleasure in noting you we are now ready to buy any quantity of scrap leather, by this I mean old boots and shoes, harness, heels, soles, anything in the scrap leather line.

For this commodity I shall be pleased to pay you \$8.00 per ton P.O.B. your point.

This stock can be bagged or put in paper cartons.

Yours truly,  
E. PULLAN.

### FUNERAL OF MRS. JOHN BRAGG

Their was a very large attendance at the funeral of Mrs. Sarah Bragg formerly of Winona which took place from her sons residence 154 Jackson Street, Hamilton. Service at the house at 12:30 o'clock by the Rev. P. W. Philpott, after which the remains were conveyed by special car, (H. G. & B.) to the Winona Methodist Church. Rev. J. Barker officiated. Mrs. W. C. Dawe and Miss Viola Smith rendered solos.

Interment was at the cemetery adjoining the Church. The pallbearers were: Geo. W. Millen, Oscar Pettit, J. H. Baisley, Wm. Lamplough, J. H. Smith and W. C. Dawe.

Deceased was in her 86th year and for many years had been an esteemed and well known resident of Winona and her death will be regretted by a wide circle of friends. Surviving her is a daughter Mrs. James Vann, and three sons William, John and Arthur, all of Hamilton.



AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF  
FRUIT GROWERS.

(Continued from page 2)

and again in the supervision of the camps, etc.

Last season was one of experiment and patriotism, but for the coming season these must give way to a business basis, which was essential to the success of the movement.

Dr. Riddell produced a chart as to the earnings of the girls, hours of work, etc., from which it appeared that the average earnings of the girls in the Niagara District last season were from \$10 to \$12 per month.

This low amount was owing to lack of steady work and sometimes to poorly cultivated farms. Now sufficient inducement must be put forth to compete with other parts of Ontario which desire their services.

The following resolutions were passed at a large meeting of the girl pickers held recently at Toronto:

1. Except in cases of necessity a working day of 9 hours with Saturday afternoon off.

2. Rates. Four alternatives.

(a) 15 cents per hour and board guaranteed.

(b) 25 cents per hour without board.

(c) A rat rate of \$9.00 per week.

(d) A piece-work guarantee of a minimum of \$1.25 per day and scale of prices as follows:

Strawberries, 2c to 5c per box.

Raspberries, 3c to 5c per box.

Cherries with ladder, 25c per 11-quart basket.

Cherries without ladder, 20c per 11-quart basket.

Cherries 15c per 6-quart basket.

Black and red currants 50c per 11-quart basket.

All other fruits but grapes to be on a flat rate of 25c per hour, or 15c with board.

These resolutions represent 200 of the workers. The girls available for the camp are teachers, University girls, private school girls, and girls of leisure. This is a limited field to which to appeal, but 1200 girls were sent out last year, four hundred of whom were from Toronto. We will only place girls in camps, not on private farms.

Miss Jones of the Y.W.C.A. said: "We are keen to do all we can to help make this a success. All we charged the girls last season was \$4 per week, and there was a deficit of \$3,000 made up by the Y.W.C.A. This year it must be run on an economic basis, and a number of things can be done by the growers to help. Such as drawing the supplies, etc., from the station and purchasing local supplies in the interests of economy."

Miss Perry (Y.W.C.A.) said: "The question of sanitation caused a great deal of trouble in some cases. Local associations might provide kitchen accommodation; also cots, and a range or stove. A cottage with five or six rooms and tents grouped round it was all that was necessary. Camps of twenty-five were economical."

Miss Phillips: "Girls expected to make something over their expenses last season. The most of them covered their expenses but some did not. They are anxious to come back but must do better than last season."

Miss Christie: "The girls who work two months must receive enough to cover expenses and something over."

The result of the voting in Quebec Province and the conduct of certain classes in Kitchener, Ont., shows that there are elements in our Dominion that are not working in harmony with the majority of the citizens for the benefit of the whole country, but are rather seeking to bring about a state of turmoil and internal strife.

These two classes of people—French and German—while living under the protection of the British flag and enjoying all the blessings of British liberty and freedom, are unwilling to assume their fair share of the responsibility of British citizenship. In other words, they wish to enjoy the benefits of Canadian citizenship and at the same time enjoy the irresponsibility of foreigners.

The greatest possible curse that could exist in any country is "community voting" and that is what the French and Germans are seeking to establish in Canada.

"Community voting" is the voting of the entire community, county, or Province, as one man, and is a menace of the most dangerous kind to the well being of the commonwealth.

Under the system of "community voting" it was not necessary to hold an election in Quebec at all. Sixty-one seats were conceded to Quebec before the polling took place and the results have shown that Quebec might as well have been credited with sixty-one seats without holding an election and let it go at that. The same thing would have taken place in many sections in Western Canada, had the Germans and Austrians not been disfranchised.

One official language for Canada and that the English language, and one set of schools for Canada and that "National Schools" would in a few years do away with the menace of "community voting" and restore Canada to a proper equilibrium.

Another serious question that will have to be dealt with in Canada in the near future is the extending of the franchise to German born settlers. The peculiar thing about Germans is that they never cease to be German citizens, although they may become naturalized in another country—once a German always a German.

The result of this is that we have in Canada people pretending to be are not in reality Canadian citizens at all—merely putting on Canadian citizenship as a cloak in order to get the franchise and have a voice in the affairs of the country and hold offices if such come their way.

If Germans, who have lived in this country for years and years, and who have become naturalized British subjects, and who have prospered here

To All Our Friends and  
CustomersA  
Happy  
New Year

K. M. STEPHEN

Main Street West

GRIMSBY, ONT.

WATCHES THAT  
SATISFY

It is an easy thing to guarantee a watch but it is an entirely different matter to make good that guarantee.

This is the point we wish to emphasize. Any of our watches that do not give entire satisfaction will be repaired or exchanged free of charge.

Orders filled from any Canadian catalogue at their terms and prices.

VERNON TUCK  
JEWELER AND OPTOMETRIST  
GRIMSBY

Agency "His Master's Voice."

The chairman, Mr. Fleming, then appointed the Convenors of this committee for the various districts as follows:

Winona, Howard Smith.

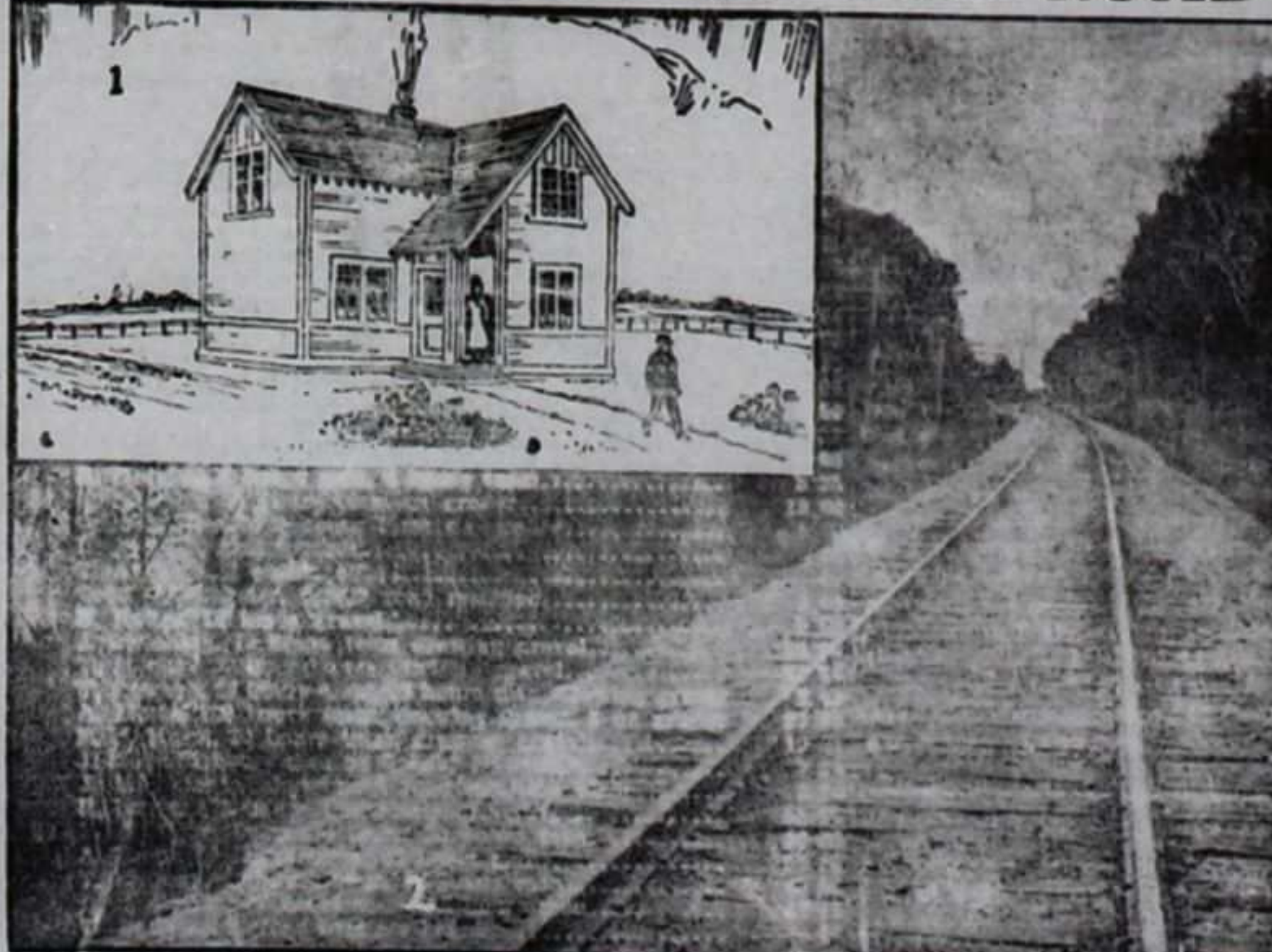
GRIMSBY, C. W. F. Carpenter.

Beamsville, Mr. Davidson.

Vineland, Mr. Palmer and S. R. Rittenhouse.

Jordan, T. H. Wisner and Arthur Smith.

## THE CHILDREN OF THE ROAD



(1) Section House. (2) Prize section of C. P. R. track.

THE conductor may have his transcontinental train and the sleeping car conductor his travelling hotel, but the section foreman with his six miles of roadbed and steel track and switches has something that these others must envy as they rush past his house beside the track—he has a home to which he can come back every evening to the wife and kiddies. A trim two-story house it is, with a garden on the right of way alongside on which he can raise his vegetable and keep a few chickens and pigs. The wife, as a rule, looks on the garden as her source of vegetables and small fruits, at twice a month she may travel on pass to the nearest city to make purchases she requires.

The house, which may have a \$2,000 to build, is supplied by the railway at a nominal rent, in

places where houses are difficult to obtain, and many other privileges are also allowed. Section foremen, for instance, are permitted to use old ties as firewood, so that their fuel costs them nothing. Many of them become so attached to their six mile stretch that they would not leave it on any account, but the more ambitious may become road-masters. The section foreman has a busy life keeping the track in good repair, properly spiked and joined, with ditches well preserved and drained. He must keep the right of way clear of weeds, and look after farm crossings, test the crowing alarm bells where such exist, and generally possible danger from frost or fire. Replacing worn rails and ties.

Prizes ranging from \$10.00 to \$100.00 are given each year to the

foremen who show the greatest improvement on their sections, and these are eagerly competed for, the men taking extraordinary interest in their work. Many of them began work upon the road as casual laborers, but now with their comfortable houses and their \$50.00 to \$100.00 a month (and ten dollars a month more in the office), with a pension when they reach the age of sixty, with free fuel and garden, and with a family pass once a year over any part of the line, they consider themselves the "children of the road," and its chief support and glory. Just now they have particularly good reason to feel satisfied, as the scale of pay has been readjusted in their favor by an arbitration board to an extent which is costing the C. P. R., for instance, over a million dollars a year.

W. Vail, 4 hours team on road	35 75
Hurst, 176 hours Commissioner	24 75
Johnson, 6 1/2 days drawing stone	30 25
Hill, 4 1/2 days drawing stone	8 00
Parrell, 5 1/2 days drawing stone	57 25
Hurst, 32 hours man on grader and Grimsby Mountain	27 50
H. Hurst, 110 hours team on grader and culvert	13 75
Pearson, 50 hours team on grader and culvert	4 00
Hurd, 25 hours team on grader	5 00
Carson, 16 hours man, Grimsby Mountain	12 50
Powder, 20 hours man, Grimsby Mountain	7 50
Pearson, 20 hours man, Grimsby Mountain	

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Money to loan at current rates.

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**LAZIER & LAZIER, BARRISTERS,**  
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and Valuator  
Grimsby, Ontario.

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On real estate security. Both  
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Valuator for The Hamilton  
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Office—Main Street, Grimsby  
PHONE NO. 7

## The locked antlers.

IN September and October during the rutting season the hunter occasionally hears the sounds of terrible combat between those giants of the forest, the bull moose. With their formidable antlers these huge creatures can smash a young birch tree like a piece of matchwood, and although it is only rarely that the bull moose will attack a man if he does so the man has little chance unless he is quick with his high-powered rifle. The other day on St. Ignace Island, twenty-one miles south of Rosport, on the C. P. R., a pair of locked moose horns was found at the tragic record of a combat. They had evidently been fighting when the antlers became entangled and, unable to extricate each other the two animals died there of starvation, their



remains being locked close by the bears who growl around in the forests of Ontario.

## WANTED

SAVE ALL YOUR OLD PAPER,  
NEWSPAPERS, AND MAGAZINES FOR THE RED  
CROSS

Save all your old scrap paper, your rubbers and rags, newspapers and magazines, for the Red Cross. Tie up your newspapers by themselves securely in bundles. Tie up your magazines in bundles. Put your old scrap paper, rubbers and rags in separate bags. After you have accumulated a certain quantity bring them to the Independent Office. Enquire for the key and put them in the store house where they will be kept till there is a car load.

A good many dollars per year can be secured for the Red Cross funds in this way.

A thousand families each saving a little paper each week will make a big contribution to the Red Cross Fund in the year.

**DON'T WASTE A BIT OF PAPER**  
For further particulars apply to Ed. Lawrence, Jas. A. Wray, or any of the ladies of the Women's Institute.

## NEW WINNIPEG TRAINS

Travel between Eastern and Western Canada is always heavy in its winter months, particularly during December with its holiday season. To meet the requirements of the public, therefore, a special daily service between Toronto and Winnipeg is announced by the Canadian Northern Railway; Westbound, Dec. 3rd to Jan. 1st, 1918 only; Eastbound, Dec. 1st to 31st, 1918 only. Thereafter Jan. 4th, 1918 only. Through sleeping and regular tri-weekly service will be carried on as operated daily between Toronto and Calgary on part of the above special service and on of the above special service and regular connection will be made with regular

AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF  
FRUIT GROWERS

An important special meeting of the Niagara Peninsula Fruit Growers' Association was held in the Court House, St. Catharines, on the afternoon of Monday, December 10.

President Hamilton Fleming, of GRIMSBY, was in the chair, and George Robertson, of St. Catharines acted as Secretary.

The two chief items of business were: 1. The question of a standard basket. 2. The employment and accommodation of the National Service Girls for another season.

In regard to the former question President Fleming said that Mr. Hastings had almost completed his report on the standard basket, but had to go to Ottawa where he had seen the Fruit Commissioner who was arranging a meeting in Ottawa of all the basket manufacturers to discuss the question.

The growers here have agreed to a basket quarter inch higher than the present 11-quart basket and with the flare considerably reduced.

The firm of Lundy & Scott, Niagara Falls, Ont., gave a demonstration of a collapsible basket made of various proof corrugated paper in various sizes. Considerable interest was taken by the fruit growers in these baskets, and it was moved by Mr. Gayman, seconded by W. F. Bunting, that these packages be submitted to the Pro-Cooling Plant at GRIMSBY and reported on at the next meeting. Car-

## SWAYZE &amp; BROWN

Still Carrying on the Good Work

Look at these prices and remember everything is first class.

Lard, per lb.....	25c	Carrots, per peck.....	25c
Butter, per lb.....	50c	Turnips, per bushel.....	45c
Eggs, per doz.....	50c	Celery, per head, 10c. 3 for.....	25c
Chickens, per lb.....	25c	Onions, per peck.....	50c
Ducks, per lb.....	30c	Cabbages, 10c per head, .75c per doz.	
Potatoes per bag.....	\$2.25		

and a full line of all kinds of meats.

NOTICE—We have a nice flock of Leghorn Chickens for laying which we will sell at 75c each.

Give us your New Year Orders Now  
Phone No. 215